Vital Earth Resources

706 East Broadway, Gladewater, Texas 75647 (903) 845-2163 FAX: (903) 845-2262

013 Crop Results

Vitazyme on Peas

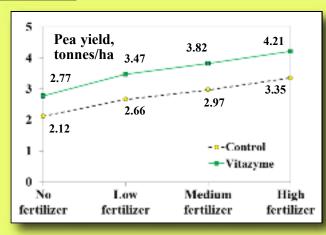
Researcher: V.V. Plotnikov Research organization: Scientific, Innovation, and Technology Center of the Institute of Forages and Agriculture of Podillya NAAS Location: National Academy of Agricultural Sciences, Ukraine *Variety*: Tsarevych Soil type: ash gray soil (humus = 2.2%, hydrolyzed-N = 8.4 mg/100 g of soil, P = 15.8 mg/100 kg of soil, exchangeable K = 12.4 mg/100 g of soil, pH = 5.5) <u>Previous crop</u>: spring barley Planting date: April 22, 2013 Soil preparation: disking, plowing, cultivating Planting rate: 1.5 million seeds/ha Experimental design: A small plot pea study, with four replications, was set up to evaluate the effects of Vitazyme, over four fertility levels, on the yield, profitability, and protein content of the pea crop.

Treatment	Nitrogen	Phosphorus	Potassium
	kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha
1. Control	0	0	0
2. Control + Vita	0	0	0
3. Low fertility	20	10	20
4. Low fert + Vita	20	10	20
5. Medium fertility	30	20	30
6. Medium fert + Vita	30	20	30
7. High fertility	45	30	45
8. High fert + Vita	45	30	45

Fertilization: See the treatment table above. Phosphorus and potassium amendments were applied in the fall, and nitrogen was applied in the spring.

Vitazyme application: (1) a seed treatment of 1 liter/tonne of seed; (2) 1 liter/ha sprayed on the leaves at the 5 to 6-leaf stage

Yield results:



Yield increase with Vitazyme		
No fertilizer3	31%	
Low fertilizer	30%	
Medium fertilizer 2	29%	
High fertilizer 2	26%	

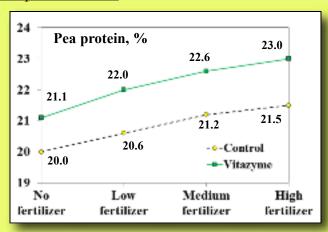
Pea yield increased as fertilizer rate increased, and Vitazyme improved the yield at each fertilizer level by 26 to 31%.

Income results:

Vitazyme net income increase

Net returns from Vitazyme increased with increasing fertilizer rate, up to 1,900 UAH/ha with the high rate.

Pea protein results:



Crude protein increase with Vitazyme

No fertilizer 1.1%-point Low fertilizer 1.4%-point Medium fertilizer 1.4%-point High fertilizer 1.5%-point

Protein levels were increased with fertilizers, and at each level Vitazyme boosted crude protein, up to 1.5%-point.

Conclusions: According to the researchers,

- 1. In cases without fertilizers, two Vitazyme applications to the pea seeds of Tsarevych variety, at 1 L/tonne for the seeds and 1 L/ha at 5-6 leaves, provided an increase of 0.65 tonne/ha, or 31%.
- 2. With middle and high fertilizer levels ($N_{20-45}P_{10-30}K_{20-45}$) and Vitazyme application, the yield increase was 0.81-0.86 tonne/ha, or 26-30%.
- 3. Vitazyme application on the fertilizer-free plot provided a profit of 1,375 UAH/ha, and with mineral fertilization systems of $N_{20-45}P_{10-30}K_{20-45}$, the profit was 1,775-1,900 UAH/ha.
- 4. Vitazyme application provided pea grain quality improvement; crude protein content was increased by 1.1-1.5%.

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2012 Crop Results

Vitazyme on Peas

Researchers: Nery Larios and Cristhian Mazariegos, Foragro Development, Guatemala City, Guatemala

Location: Santa Maria Cauque and Chiricuyu, Santiago Zacatepeques, Guatemala

Variety: Ambassador Planting dates: see below

<u>Experimental design</u>: Three pea growers marked out areas for Vitazyme treatment, and adjacent untreated areas. Three systems of Vitazyme application were implemented to determine the best use of the product for pea production.

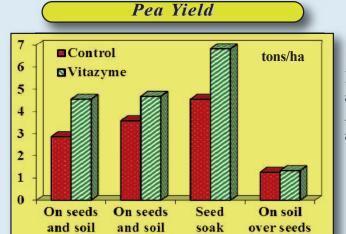
Treatment	Vitazyme treatment	Area	Farmer	Location	Planting date
1	(1) 1 liter/ha on seeds in row before covering(2) 1 liter/ha at early bloom	200m ²	Nicolas Garcia	Santa Maria	August 23
2	(1) 1 liter/ha on the seeds in row before covering(2) 1 liter/ha at early bloom	300 m ²	Juan Diaz	Santa Maria	August 23
3	(1) 1 lb of seeds soaked in a 10% solution(2) 1 liter/ha at early bloom	100 m ²	Rigoberto Itzol	Chiricuyu	August 23
4	(1) 1 liter/ha sprayed over covered row 1 day after planting(2) 1 liter/ha at early bloom	480 m²	Rigoberto Itzol	Chiricuyu	August 22

Fertilization: unknown

Vitazyme application: Refer to the above chart.

Yield results:

Location	Control	Vitazyme	Yield change
	tons/ha	tons/ha	tons/ha
1. Garcia (on seeds + early bloom	2.86	4.55	+1.69 (+59%)
2. Diaz (on seeds + early bloom	3.58	4.68	+1.09 (+30%)
3. Itzol (seed soak + early bloom	4.55	6.82	+2.27 (+50%)
4. Itzol (on soil over seeds + early bloom)	1.26	1.33	+0.06 (+5%)



It is clear that peas responded excellently to Vitazyme as long as the product contacted the seeds at planting. Applying the product to the soil above the seeds a day after planting only slightly increased the yield.

Increase in pea yield with Vitazyme (all treated foliar at early bloom)

On seeds and soil at planting 30 to 59% Seed soak at planting 50% On soil after seed covering 5%

Conclusions: According to the researchers, "In Vitazyme treated plots were observed:

- Higher germination
- Greater growth of the root system
- More vigor and size of leaves and stems (greater leaf development)
- Longer life of the plant
- Greater resistance to Fusarium
- Greater and earlier flowering
- Less damage from waterlogging

"At harvest, the average increase in the Vitazyme treated area over the untreated controls in the four trials was 42%, equivalent to 1.28 tons/ha. The most effective treatments were those having applications on the seeds in the rows before covering, and seeds soaked in a dilute (10%) Vitazyme solution before planting (30 to 59% yield increase). The least effective treatment was an application over the soil surface after covering (5% increase)."

These data show the importance of having Vitazyme make contact with the seeds at planting for a maximum crop response with peas.

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2012 Crop Results

Vitazyme on Peas

A Fertilizer Rate Study

Researcher:V. PlotnikovResearch organization:National Academy of Agricultural SciencesLocation:Vinnytsia, UkraineVariety:Carevych super eliteTillage:conventional (disking,plowing, and cultivating)Soil type:gray podzolic (2.2% organic matter, 8.4 mg/100 g of soil

hydrolyzed N, 15.8 mg/100 g of soil P, 12.4 mg/100 g of soil exchangeable K, pH = 5.5)

<u>Planting date</u>: April 24, 2012 <u>Previous crop</u>: spring barley <u>Planting rate</u>: 1.5 million seeds/ha <u>Experimental design</u>: A pea experiment was established using 0.1 ha plots, with four replications, and four fertility regimes to evaluate the effect of Vitazyme on the yield and protein content of the peas.

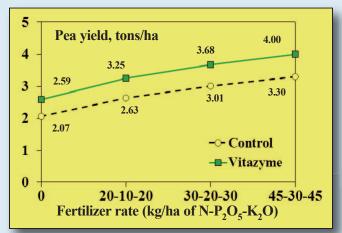
Treatment	Vitazyme	Nitrogen	Phosphate	Potash
		kg/	ha	
1	0	0	0	0
2	X	0	0	0
3	0	20	10	20
4	X	20	10	20
5	0	30	20	30
6	X	30	20	30
7	0	45	30	45
8	X	45	30	45

Fertilization: Phosphorus and potassium dry fertilizers were fall applied in 2011, along with basic tillage. Nitrogen was applied in the spring during cultivation.

<u>Vitazyme application</u>: For Treatments 2, 4, 6, and 8, a seed treatment of 1 liter/ton of seed was made, and later 0.5 liter/ha was sprayed on the leaves and soil when the plants had five to six leaves.

Weather for 2012: favorable for crop development

Yield results:



At all fertility levels, Vitazyme greatly increased the yield above the untreated control, by 21 to 25%. The percentage of increase declined slightly as the fertility levels rose.

Treatment	Yield increase with Vitazyme*	Income increase with Vitazyme*	
	tons/ha	hrn/ha	
2	0.52 (+25%)	1,192	
4	0.62 (+24%)	1,452	
6	0.67 (+22%)	1,582	
8	0.70 (+21%)	1,660	
*Yields and income are compared at the same fertility level.			

Yield increase with Vitazyme

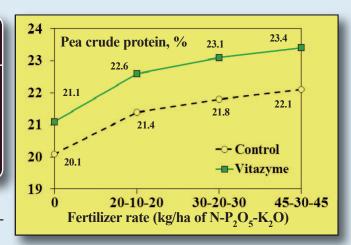
No fertilizer	25%
Low N-P-K	24%
Medium N-P-K	22%
High N-P-K	21%

Protein results:

Crude protein increase with Vitazyme

No fertilizer 1.0 percentage point Low N-P-K 1.2 percentage points Medium N-P-K ... 1.3 percentage points High N-P-K 1.3 percentage points

At all fertilizer levels crude protein increased consistently with Vitazyme application.



<u>Conclusions</u>: A Ukrainian replicated pea trial, comparing Vitazyme biostimulant with an untreated control, at four fertility levels, revealed that Vitazyme increased pea yield at all levels, by from 21 to 25%. Crude protein was likewise enhanced by this product, by 1.0 to 1.3 percentage points. Thus, both yield and quality were improved by Vitazyme with all four fertility regimes, proving the great efficacy of this product in the context of a comprehensive soil and crop management system.